



National Youth Parliament Organisation

Presents

Budget Dialogues 2021

7th - 8th January

Proceedings of Budget Dialogues 2021



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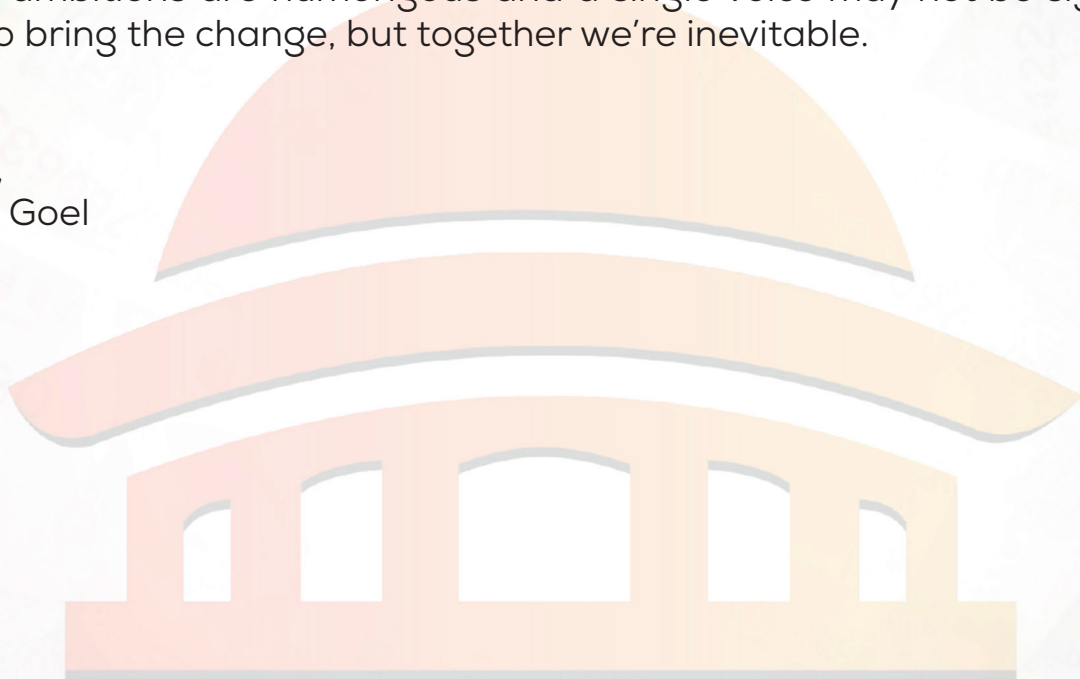
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President's Memo

Started in 2019, the National Youth Parliament Organization is now transforming into a movement. All credit goes to the enthusiastic participation of our young generations. A well-planned budget is of utmost importance for a government to ensure economic stability and growth. Therefore, National Youth Parliament has taken this initiative to familiarize the upcoming generations with the procedures of Lok Sabha's Budget Session. We believe the youth of a nation should be aware of the ground realities and hence we're thrilled to announce that we've started setting up National Youth Parliament in ace colleges. We know our ambitions are humongous and a single voice may not be significant enough to bring the change, but together we're inevitable.

Sincerely,
Kartikya Goel



A message from General Secretary

India has the largest youth population in the world. So we should make sure that we channelize this underutilized youth energy in the right direction. The National Youth Parliament Organization will act as a manufacturing unit of the future leaders of India. Recurrent events like Budget Dialogues 2021 will help our young generations develop a bright personality which eventually will lead us to a better society. An army of sheep led by a lion is much better than an army of lions led by a sheep. Hence, it is extremely important for a leader to take a firm stand for his beliefs and values. The primary aim of the National Youth Parliament Organization is to provide a well-deserved leadership to our nation. It is going to be a long journey but we believe it's going to be worth it. Hence, we request the youth to play their part in this movement and help us create a better future for the nation.

Sincerely,
Rohan Mahajan



Shri Om Birla's Addressal



The Budget Dialogues 2021 organised by National Youth Parliament has brought with itself a new gust of enthusiasm and exhalation. Our young generations got an opportunity to watch and understand the Indian Parliamentary Procedures closely through the medium of this mock parliament.

We need to incorporate our constitution as a basic foundation into the lives of Indian citizens and hence we should emphasize on KYC-Know Your Constitution. Students in schools and universities should know the strength of our constitution as it also informs us about our fundamental rights and duties.

I believe Budget Dialogues 2021 will lead the way for our young generations and play a significant role in strengthening our democracy.

Shri Om Birla,
Hon'ble Speaker of Lok Sabha



NATIONAL YOUTH PARLIAMENT

**YOUNG
PARLIAMENTARIANS**



Purohit Ghate presented Animal Husbandry Budget

- We have very low resources and infrastructure for poultry farming in India.
- A major challenge for the government in the present state of the scenario is to control the widespread disease of bird flu in India.
- By 2025 we're planning to develop vaccines to prevent our livestock from fatal diseases and illnesses.
- In our 2,932 crores estimated budget, we're allotting a major portion to fisheries. This is because we have foreign exchange earnings from sea products.



Parimala Rao presented Budget for Ministry of Fertilizers & Chemicals

- To ensure fertilizer's availability in the covid-19 pandemic, the Department of Fertilizers and Chemicals closely monitored the production, movement, and availability of Fertilizers.
- Ministers had meetings with fertilizer companies to ensure an uninterrupted supply of fertilizers to the farmers during the Kharif season.
- The demand for chemicals, petrochemicals is expected to grow by 9% a year, and the size of the industry is also likely to grow by 2025.
- The government should encourage a balanced use of all types of fertilizers including the traditional organic and other varieties.



Ajinkya Metkar presented Budget for Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship

- As per the Manpower Talent Shortage Survey via OECD, India is listed second after Japan in the context of shortage of skilled employees.
- Lack of good infrastructure and facilities at educational institutions is a major problem in India.
- We need to focus on 'Job Matching Skills' and create a framework for institutionalizing skill development and vocational education within school ecosystems.
- Internship drives for students of different streams along with lifelong learning opportunities and quality education should be promoted.



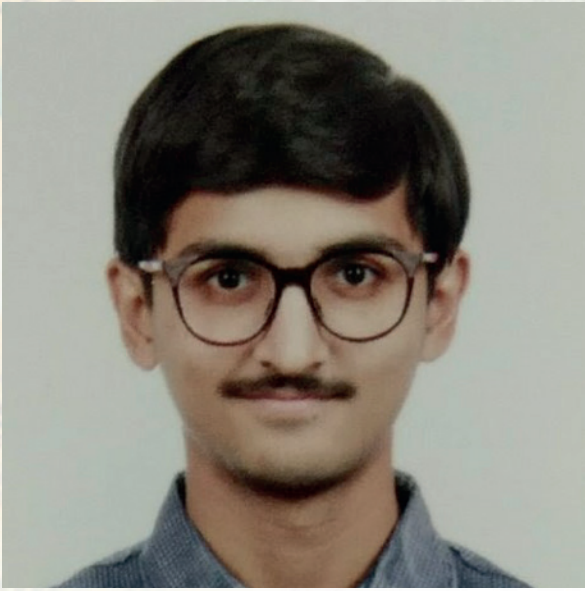
Jyotsna Priyadarshini presented Budget for Department of Science and Technology

- Some of the country's major bottlenecks are poverty, corruption in the bureaucracy, lack of professionalism in planning, and creating an innovative eco-system.
- During this pandemic, we not only realized the importance of scientific solutions for mankind but for our livelihood and development also.
- We need to trigger our youth to create new mechanisms by thinking out of the box technology solutions.
- We should popularize science and technology in young generations by promoting 'Jai Vigyan' and emphasizing on science education and researches.



Kartik Keshari presented Budget for Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports

- Covid-19 has affected the entire world including the sports sector and other sectors related to youth.
- Providing platforms to youth in these times of challenges should be a major priority for the government.
- The establishment of the Youth & Sports Coordination Commission is the need of the hour.
- Introduction of Major Dhyanchand Khel Protsahan Nidhi based on the PPP model would prove to be a great step.



Smit Khambholja presented Budget for Ministry of Food Processing Industries

- The transportation issue is a major challenge Food Processing Industries are facing in the current state of the affairs due to the post lockdown effects.
- Supply chain blockages and cold storage chain constraints are the other factors hindering the growth of this sector.
- Due to the covid-19 pandemic, the availability of raw materials has been reduced significantly.
- Safety measures of Human Resources from grass root levels along with food safety and hygiene management are required.



Shruti Pathak presented Budget for Ministry of Consumer Affairs and Food Distribution

- During the covid-19 pandemic, India had two biggest challenges to address: To prevent the spread of corona and to ensure that nobody dies of food scarcity due to the lockdown.
- Optimal implementation of ration card schemes by the government mitigated the impact of the dire circumstances in lockdown to an extent.
- Black-market has emerged as a huge stumbling block in front of the Consumer Affairs and Food Distribution Ministry.
- The 'Jaago Grahak Jaago' movement by the government needs to be emphasized to raise consumer awareness.



Amreesh Singh presented Budget for Ministry of Tribal Affairs

- The previous Budget for Tribal Affairs in the financial year 2019-20 was 7340.16 crore rupees which was increased to 7411 crore rupees in the financial year 2020-21.
- There is a slight improvement in scholarships and central schemes & programs for the tribal people in the last few years.
- Land alienation, poverty, poor education infrastructure, and unemployment are some of the major critical challenges for the Ministry.
- The government should ensure that their schemes like PM Jan Dhan Yojna, Kaushal Vikas Yojna, and Eklavya School Program are reaching all the tribal areas.



Sukant Kumar presented Budget for Ministry of Minority Affairs

- In the budget for the Ministry of Minority Affairs, 4868.98 crore rupees were allocated in the financial year 2020-21 which was only an increase of about 228.99 crore rupees from the previous budget.
- Poor literacy rate and socio-economic condition of the minority communities is a big task ahead of the government.
- The government should take effective steps to administer the educational systems set up for the minorities.
- Unemployment is a prominent factor due to which minorities are still socially and economically backward. Hence, the government should focus on providing more employment opportunities.



Vishal Kumar presented Budget for Ministry of Rural Development

- We should take timely actions for the development of our rural areas as Mahatma Gandhi has said “The soul of a country lives in its villages.”
- Fewer job opportunities, lack of quality education, migration of the natives, and shortage of electricity are some of the critical challenges ahead of the Rural Development Ministry.
- The government should also put a sight on the lack of systematic markets in rural areas and fewer revenue particulars.
- As a significant number of people from rural areas have lost their job in the pandemic, investing money in the ‘Revival Project’ would be a great step.



Balram Basak presented Budget for Ministry of Foreign Affairs

- The Budget for foreign affairs has reduced from 17,347.27 crore rupees in the financial year 2019-20 to 17,346.71 crore rupees in the financial year 2020-21.
- Although the government spends a huge capital of Budget on Foreign Affairs still there is negligence for countries like Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, and Nepal.
- Being a close neighbour of India, the Ministry should try to maintain good relations with these countries.
- Also, the government should focus on resolving the border issues with the neighbouring countries for better trading relations.



Aditya Arajit Mohapatra presented Budget for Health Ministry

- 2020 was the most challenging year for the health ministry. Covid-19 has shown us the reality of our health infrastructure.
- During the pandemic, the insufficiency of doctors and hospitals surfaced as one of the major problems in our health sector.
- Due to the lack of facilities in medical institutions of India, most of the medical students choose to pursue their higher studies outside India.
- Developing a sufficient number of quarantine centres and test kits in a short span of time was a major success for the Health Ministry.



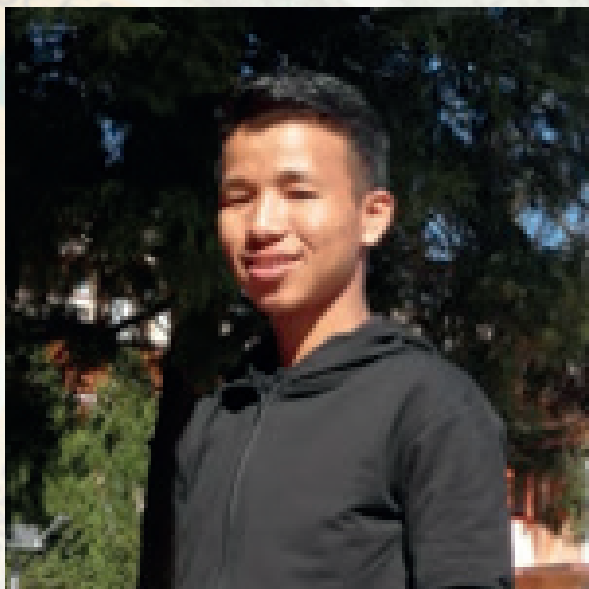
Vikas Singh Bungla presented Budget for Environment Ministry

- 'Control of Pollution' allocation has increased exponentially from 2018-19 to 2020-21 while National River Conservation Programme allocation has been cut off completely.
- Improving the air quality alongside a proper action plan for water conservation, protecting wildlife, climate change, and waste management is required.
- Significant investment is needed for a transition to clean fuel. Whereas all industries should be made ZLD(Zero Liquid Discharge).
- The government should focus on rigorous campaigning to stop the use of new plastics and recycle the older ones to achieve plastic ban by 2022.



Neelu Soni presented Budget for Ministry of Home Affairs

- The load on farming has increased over the past few years. Hence, we should promote the fishery culture and make tourism a strong hand in our country.
- In coastal areas, we should focus on developing artificial ice lands or water lands alongside hotels. This requires strong coastal bordering and safety.
- Disaster Management and NDRF teams should be funded to manoeuvre in emergencies.
- We should have a screening committee or branch for administrative authorities working for the internal security of our nation.



Hotsali Sangtam presented Budget for Ministry of Heavy Industries

- Faster adaptations and manufacturing of electric vehicles in India is one of the most important tasks which have to be taken up by the Heavy Industries Ministry.
- Establishing 200 charging points and manufacturing units for a full range of linear electric vehicles and electric components will not only boost the economy but will also faster the technology adaptations of the manufacturing market.
- It will also reduce the country's dependency on fossil fuels and balance the payments.
- The development of advanced technologies can also benefit the country by improving the powerplant efficiencies and reducing the carbon footprints of the planet.



Ankush Kalsia presented Budget for Ministry of Steel

- The budget for Steel Ministry has reduced from 241.29 cr in the financial year 2019-20 to 100.00 cr in 2020-21.
- Lack of capital, lack of technology, low productivity, and inefficiency of public sector units are some of the critical challenges for the ministry.
- Appointment of technocrats instead of bureaucrats in PSUs will increase the efficiency and ultimately help in revenue generation which further strengthens the required infrastructure.
- Lack of capital can be resolved by slowly disinvesting in the PSUs in the upcoming years.



Vipin Namdev presented Budget for Ministry of Coal & Mining

- Coal is one of the prominently used and basic resources around the globe. It is also the backbone of the Indian economy.
- Electricity sector is the biggest consumer of coal while iron, steel, and cement industries are the second largest consumers.
- Lack of high-end technologies in coal mines is a great challenge for the Coal Ministry. It impacts the efficiency and productivity of coal mine workers.
- To make the coal sector 'Aatmnirbhar' the government should consider establishing Research Centres to explore new technologies to manufacture coal.



Muskan Godani presented Budget for Ministry of Communications

- The revised estimates for the trends in expenditure have significantly increased in the year 2020-21.
- No proper infrastructure status, poor fixed-line status, and lack of trained personnel are the biggest challenges for the communication sector.
- An expeditious roll-out of 4G and 5G services has boosted the customer utilization of high-end data products.
- By infrastructure sharing the operators can optimize their capital expenditure and focus on providing innovative services.



Rupesh Kumar presented Budget for Ministry of Tourism

- Tourism sector has witnessed a growth from its budget of 2189.22 cr in 2019-20 to 2499.83 cr in 2020-21.
- The ministry is suffering a huge loss of revenue/liquidity due to the corona pandemic. Hotel Industries are among the worst-hit along with transportation.
- The government should promote domestic tourism and should make educational tours in schools and universities compulsory.
- Establishing India as a MICE tourism hub alongside focusing on public-private partnerships is the need of the hour.



Rahul Parihar presented Budget for Ministry of Civil Aviation

- The aviation sector contributes 72 Billion dollars to the Indian Economy which was very low earlier.
- According to the recent surveys, in 2018-19 the percentage of air traffic passengers has increased by 15 to 20%. Compared to the global 6%, the growth is exceptional.
- The civil aviation market of India is growing rapidly. It has risen from the 7th biggest aviation market in 2017 to 3rd biggest in the world in 2020.
- The government should focus on blending ethanol in jet fuels to lower the overall rate of the plane tickets.



Nafisa Bano presented Budget for MSME Ministry

- Recently the government declared a 20 lakh crores package for 'Aatmnirbhar Bharat' from which 3 lakh crores are dedicated for the MSME sector.
- MSME sector single handily contributes 29% to the Indian economy. This sector is a great source of employment in India.
- The recent pandemic has badly affected the economy of the nation and as a consequence, the resources for the MSME sector have also decreased.
- The government should try to boost production without increasing capital and investment.



Kuldeep Gupta presented Budget for Ministry of IT & Electronics

- Amidst the economic crisis due to the corona pandemic, the IT and Electronics sector have helped in decelerating the fall of the Indian economy.
- To promote the use of solar panels in India, the government should encourage the companies to install their own solar panels for their advertisements instead of using the traditional way of sticking posters on walls.
- Second, just like DRDO, ICMR institutions we need to establish institutions for the IT and Electronics Sector as well.
- The government should form fully equipped computer labs in rural areas so that the students having lack of resources can be introduced to computer skills.



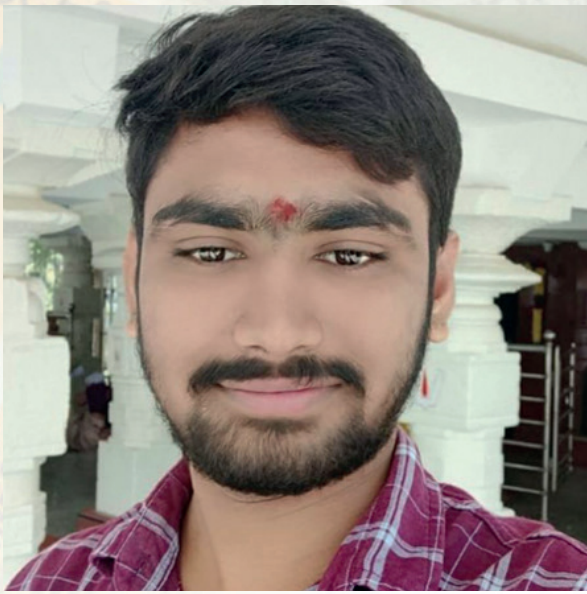
Chandan C M presented Budget for Ministry of Road Transports & Highways

- The total expenditure of the Ministry of Road Transport and Highways for 2020-21 is 11% higher than the revised estimates for 2019-20.
- A critical challenge for the ministry is the maintenance of the roads. Indian roads are easily damaged and hence necessary steps should be taken to ensure proper road infrastructure in India.
- Utilization of waste materials in constructing roads and road pavement design in the forest prune areas are also major tasks for the ministry.
- Construction, development, and maintenance of rural roads which benefits easier transportation commodities to markets should be the top-most priority for the government.



Abdul Rahman presented Budget for Northeast

- The budget for NEC increased from 690.46 in FY 2019-20 crores to 869.90 crores in FY 2020-21. While the budget for North East Special Infrastructure Development Scheme was raised from 558.10 to 674 crores in the recent budget.
- Apart from lack of connectivity and infrastructures, the roads and railways are also not well connected in the North East. Some of the capital cities in the northeastern states are not connected through the railway till date.
- Employment opportunities should be created for the northeastern citizens by setting up industries and making Special Zones for private investors to invest their money and generate employment.
- Road and Railways should be developed in the region. It will not only develop the region but also attract a large number of tourists resulting in more revenue generation for the region and the country.



Banothu Chanti presented Budget for Railway Ministry

- A major task for the Railway Ministry in the present state of the scenario is to recover the losses suffered by the railway sector due to the Covid-19 lockdown.
- There is a need to build railway infrastructure across the country and increase the passenger revenue which is quite low in comparison to the freight revenue.
- The economy is expected to rebound sharply in the fiscal year 2021-22. So, there is a high scope for an increase in tourism and allied activities which will boost the passenger revenue to the railways.
- We can also expect industrial growth in the fiscal year 2021-22 which in turn will increase the freight revenue.



Bhargav Kumar presented Budget for Ministry of Shipping & Ports

- The Shipping and Ports Budget in FY 2019-20 was 6501 crores which was reduced to 3714 crores in FY 2020-21.
- The development of coastal guards near the ocean alongside major and minor ports is a major challenge for the ministry.
- Research & developments, water transport projects and schemes, industrial shipping, lighthouses, and inland water transport are some of the areas where the budget should be aimed at.
- Inviting new industries in shipping and ports can also help.



Manish Jha presented Budget for Defence Ministry | Budget Dialogues 2021

- According to the Indian government's Press Information Bureau (PIB), the defence budget accounts for 15.49% of the government's total expenditure in the upcoming fiscal year.
- Being the world's 5th largest economy India spends a huge portion of its budget on defence sector and still, it proves out to be insufficient.
- The government should provide at least 1 crore rupees to the families of the martyred soldiers as a token of respect.
- Almost 60% of the total defence budget is only used for the payment of salaries and pensions of the army, navy, and air force personnel. This needs to be taken under control.



Rohan Mahajan, General Secretary of NYPO presented Final Budget as the Finance Minister in Budget Dialogues 2021

- The main focus of this budget is rejuvenating the growth rate, reducing the liquidity crisis, and generating employment.
- The government has allotted 1,50,000 crores for food security; 90,000 crores for the MNREGA budget; 75,000 crores for railways and another 60,000 crores for the infrastructure development of the railways in FY21-22.
- For the modernization of the defence forces, the government is allocating a budget of 4,60,000 crores with a special focus on developing fighter jet industries in India.
- The government is assigning 1,24,000 for the agriculture sector; 91,000 crores for the education budget; and injecting 5,000 crores in the National Education Policy. Also, 20,000 crores are allocated for the cause of women safety and social welfare.
- 30,000 crores are allocated for pure and drinkable water; 7500 crores on Startup India; 1,00,000 crores for road infrastructure; and 84,000 crores for the health budget.
- While not minimizing the difficulties that lie ahead on the long and odious journey ahead, this is high time to explore our capabilities together as a nation.

WINNERS OF BUDGET DIALOGUES 2021



Abdul Rahman, Guwahati
Best Parliamentarian



Kartik Keshari, Mirzapur
Second Best Parliamentarian



Nafisa Bano, Odisha
Third Best Parliamentarian



Vikas Singh Bungla, Delhi
Best Questioner

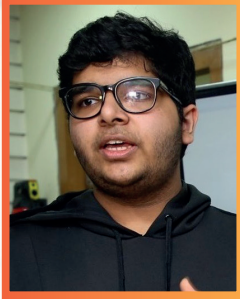


Manish Kumar Jha, Noida
Best Orator



Neelu Soni, Dhanpuri
Best Mushaira Kavi

TEAM NYPO



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